

Oil and Gas in Eritrea: Potential and Exploration						
	Latitude (x)	Longitude (y)	Altitude (z) (m)	Location	Operators	Current status
Massawa:	15.6092° N	39.4454° E	Sea level	Massawa	Companies from China, Canada	Efforts are focused on conducting geological surveys and seismic studies to identify viable reserves.
Assab:	13.0091° N	42.7369° E	Sea level	Assab	Companies from China, Canada	Efforts are focused on conducting geological surveys and seismic studies to identify viable reserves.
Dallol	14.2417° N	40.2976° E	-130	Danakil Depression:	Companies from China, Canada	Efforts are focused on conducting geological surveys and seismic studies to identify viable reserves.
Teseney	15.1100° N	36.6578° E	610	Gash-Barka Region	Companies from China, Canada	Efforts are focused on conducting geological surveys and seismic studies to identify viable reserves.
Barentu	15.1058° N	37.5900° E	1,016	Gash-Barka Region	Companies from China, Canada	Efforts are focused on conducting geological surveys and seismic studies to identify viable reserves.

## ነዲድን ሂሳብ አብ እርትራ: የቃምና ይህሳስና::

### አፈጻጸም ትክክለዋል::

እርትራ በፍላጊ አብ ቅዱስ ባክሬ አብ እርትራ ከበት መግለጫ ተደምና አብ መጀመሪያ 20 ክፍለ ኮሙን አይታ እንዲያደርግ እና አይነት አገልግሎት እንደተረጋግጧል እዋን፡ ጽጌታት ይህሳስ ማንኛውም የሚከተሉ የሚከተሉ ነው፡፡

### ቁል ነጥብታት::

#### 1. ታደሰ ይህሳስ

መጀመሪያ የዕድገት:: - ይህሳስ ከዚህ አብ እርትራ ከበት መግለጫ ተደምና አብ መጀመሪያ 20 ክፍለ ኮሙን አይታ እንዲያደርግ እና አይነት አገልግሎት እንደተረጋግጧል እዋን፡፡

አብ ቅዱስ እዋን ተተገኘ የዕድገት:: - እታ ማንኛውም አብ 1993 ፎጋነት አብ እርትራ እንደተረጋግጧል የቃምና ከዲድን ሂሳብ ጽጌታት ይህሳስ የሚከተሉ ነው፡፡

#### 2. የበደቱ ፍቃድ ይህሳስ መፈጸም::

### አብ ቅዱስ ባክሬ

በታ: አብ ቅዱስ ባክሬ እርትራ ጽጌታት የሚከተሉ ነው፡፡

ዓቂማ፡- አብ ባከራ ዘርዝር ሁባታት ምስተኛን አብ ተኩለሰ ቅይሳ ባከራ አፍረድቱ ዕድና ነወዳ ዘረሰብቱ የገሮት ስምንጭ የመንግስት ዘመኑል ለእኔ ፍይይርኬን ዓቂማ ከም ዘረሰብና ይግለጻ፡፡

ንጥፈታት የህሳስ፡- አቶላው ዓለምለካውያን ከባንድታት አብ ባከራ ዘርዝር በለዝካታት ገምድሆሳስ ተገዢስነት እርአየም አየም፡ ገለ ለይዘንኩ የህሳስት ይሙና ካሱ ተኩለው ገምድሆሳም ተኩረዋ እያ፡፡

## አብ ወሰኖ ምድር ዘርዝር ከበበታት፡፡

በታ፡ አብ ወሰኖ ምር አብ አተጋለለየ በታታት በኋላይ አብ ከም ይኝከል ይታረጋን ነክመስላል ሁባታት፡፡

ዓቂማ፡- አብ ምድር ዘርዝር ሁባታት ገለ ተኩለለውታት ልይይርኬን እርአየም አየም፡ ምስ አብ ባከራ ዘርዝር ከበበታት ከነሽናና ከለው ማን ወጪዎች የህሳስ አቶ ተኩረዋለም፡፡

## 3. ከባንድታትን ለምምዙትን፤

አሁን የቅርቡ ከባንድታት፡- አብ ቚይና፡ ከፍዲን ከልአት የገሮትን ዘመና ከባንድታት ነወዳን ምዝኑን ምምድሆሳስ ምስ መንግስቱ እርታሸ ለምምዙት አከይደን አየም፡፡

መንግስታዊ ምስክበነት፡- መንግስቱ እርታሸ ዝላት ነወዳን ምዝኑን ምምምዙል ሰርከነት በንጥፈታት ከደለ የኋዳ እያ፡፡

## 4. ለለው ከኋታ፤

ምዕራፍ የህሳስ (ዶረሻታት የህሳስ)፡- እርታሸ አብነት እዋን አብ መጀመርታ ምዕራፍ የህሳስ እያ ከለ፡ ስራዎ ገብዓዊ ምህርቱ ነወዳ ይሞኑን ምዝኑን የሰነድ፡ የዕርታት አብ ምክሮድ፡ ለነ-ምድራዊ የህሳስን ለይዘንኩ መጽናዕትን በምክሮድ፡ ተግባራዊ እኩነት ዕቃር ፍብሩ የገዢስነት እኩር እያ፡፡

በድሆነታት፡- ሳለቴክኖ ከይምርጻዎች፡ አክራት ትክተ-ቅርጋን ወሳኔ ወፋና፡ የገዢስነት የህሳስን ለምዙትን አዘጋጅም እያ፡፡

## 5. ፍይይርኬ ተኩለለውታት፤

ልድላት ወፋና፡- መንግስቱ እርታሸ ዝላት ነወዳን ምዝኑን ምምምዙል ጋና ወጪ አንበሳትመንትን ሰርከነትን ከፋት እያ፡፡

ስትራቴክኖ አቀማምዙ፡- እታ ምር አብ ወሰን ቅይሳ ባከራ ለለዋ ስትራቴክኖ አቀማምዙ፡ ገልጻዎት ነወዳን ምዝኑን አነስተኛ ሲሄበ በታ ይገበሩ፡፡

ዘርዝር አፈጻጸም ትዕዛዝ እና እርትራ ከድንበስ ዘመኑ በታችት ነው

## 1. እና መሸጭ ባሻል ቅጽ

እና ባሻል ዘርዝር አፈጻጸም ትዕዛዝ እና እርትራ ከድንበስ ዘመኑ በታችት ነው  
የሚቀምጥ ባሻል ገዢነት የህሳስ ነው ብቻ ተከተሉም ወይ ከካሬ ዘመኑ በታችት እና ከሰነድ

ማለያዊ

መተካበበታት(ከአርዲኝት):

- ለተካድ (x):  $15.6092^{\circ}$  ሲሆን
- ለግንተካድ (y):  $39.4454^{\circ}$  ምብራቅ
- ክፍታ (z): ድናጂ ባሻል

ዓመታዊ

መተካበበታት:

- ለተካድ (x):  $13.0091^{\circ}$  ሲሆን
- ለግንተካድ (y):  $42.7369^{\circ}$  ምብራቅ
- ክፍታ (z): ድናጂ ባሻል

## 2. እና ምድረት ዘርዝር ከበበታት

ደንብና ድንብና

ደንብናን ደንብና ከልኩ የህሳስ ዘመኑ በታችት ነው ብቻ ተከተሉም ወይ ከካሬ ዘመኑ በታችት ነው  
ከዚህ እና ቅጽ ደንብና እና ቅጽ የህሳስ ዘመኑ በታችት ነው

ቁልፈ ዓድታትን ከርዲኝትን

አለፈ (እና ቅጽ: እና ቅጽ ደንብና)

መተካበበታት:

- ለተካድ (x):  $14.2417^{\circ}$  ሲሆን

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- ለማንኛው (y):  $40.2976^\circ$  የሚሸፍ
  - ክፍታ (z): -130 መቶ (ትክክለኛ ደንብ በአዲስ)

### 3. ከልደ ዝሽ-ባርካ፣

እኔ ሆነ እኔ በማዳሪናዊ የጋዢኑ አዎች አይፈላጥም እና እንተኩኑ፡ ገዢ ፍቃድ የህሳስ ነወቅ አረጋግጣ እያወ፡ እና ወጪው እኔ ሆነ አርከበ፡ የፈጸም የድጋፍኑን ከበረታቻን ነወቅ ከህልዋም ቤትኬለሁ በታት እና ታህሳስ ተጠቃላም አለው፡፡

#### ተስተካክለኛነት፡

##### መተካክለኛነት፡

- ለተቁና (x):  $15.1100^\circ$  ስሜን
- ለማንኛው (y):  $36.6578^\circ$  የሚሸፍ
- ክፍታ (z): 610 መቶ (2,001 መሸማ)

#### ባረገዎች፡

##### መተካክለኛነት፡

- ለተቁና (x):  $15.1058^\circ$  ስሜን
- ለማንኛው (y):  $37.5900^\circ$  የሚሸፍ
- ክፍታ (z): 1,016 መቶ (3,333 መሸማ)

#### መደግኞች፡-

እርትራ እና በአዲስ አበባ በአዲስ ይሞትን እና የሚደረሰው አገልግሎት የኩል የሚከፈልን ዝሽ-ባርካን አካመሰለው ሆኖታት ፍቃድ ነወቅ የህሳስ ቤትኬለሁ ከላዋም አያዝ ከበረታቻ ነወቅ፡፡ ገዢ ሲሆን ጉማድዊ የሚሸፍ ከረጋግጣ እና እንተዘረዘሩለ፡ እነዚህ ሆኖታት የገዢ ንዑስና ልምዓት ተስፋ ለላዋ ተስፋ አለውን፡፡ ቅጽለ የህሳስን ወርሱን እና ታህሳስ ተስፋ ነወቅ ቤትኬለሁ የሚሸፍ ከሚከፈልን የኩል የሚከፈልን ከሚሸፍ ከሚከፈልን እና እንተዘረዘሩለ፡፡

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## English

# Oil and Gas in Eritrea: Potential and Exploration

### Overview:

Eritrea has potential for oil and gas resources, particularly in its offshore regions in the Red Sea. While the country has not yet realized large-scale commercial production, exploration activities have indicated promising prospects.

### Key Points:

#### 1. Historical Exploration:

**Initial Efforts:** Oil exploration in Eritrea dates back to the Italian colonial period in the early 20th century. However, significant exploration activities began in the 1960s and 1970s.

**Recent Efforts:** Since the country's independence in 1993, there has been renewed interest in exploring its oil and gas potential.

#### 2. Major Exploration Areas:

##### Offshore Red Sea:

**Location:** Coastal areas and offshore blocks in the Red Sea.

**Potential:** The offshore regions are considered to have significant hydrocarbon potential, similar to neighboring Sudan and Yemen, which have productive oil fields in the Red Sea Basin.

**Exploration Activities:** Several international companies have shown interest in exploring offshore blocks, and some seismic surveys have been conducted to assess the potential.

##### Onshore Areas:

**Location:** Various locations within the country, particularly in regions like the **Danakil Depression**.

**Potential:** Onshore regions have shown some potential for hydrocarbons, but they are less explored compared to offshore areas.

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### **3. Companies and Agreements:**

**International Companies:** Companies from China, Canada, and other countries have entered into agreements with the Eritrean government to explore for oil and gas.

**Government Partnerships:** The Eritrean government has been actively seeking partnerships to develop its oil and gas sector.

### **4. Current Status:**

**Exploration Phase:** Eritrea is currently in the exploration phase with no large-scale commercial oil or gas production. Efforts are focused on conducting geological surveys and seismic studies to identify viable reserves.

**Challenges:** Political instability, lack of infrastructure, and limited investment have slowed down the progress of exploration and development activities.

### **5. Future Potential:**

**Investment Opportunities:** Eritrea's government is open to foreign investment and partnerships to develop its oil and gas sector.

**Strategic Location:** The country's strategic location along the Red Sea makes it an attractive site for potential oil and gas development.

## **Detailed Overview of Potential Oil Exploration Sites in Eritrea**

### **1. Offshore Red Sea:**

The offshore regions of the Red Sea are considered to have significant hydrocarbon potential. Here are some specific locations along the coast where oil exploration activities have been or could potentially be conducted:

#### **Massawa:**

Coordinates:

- Latitude (x): 15.6092° N
- Longitude (y): 39.4454° E
- Elevation (z): Sea level

#### **Assab:**

Coordinates:

- Latitude (x): 13.0091° N
- Longitude (y): 42.7369° E
- Elevation (z): Sea level

## **2. Onshore Areas:**

#### **Danakil Depression:**

The Danakil Depression is another area with potential for hydrocarbon exploration. This region is known for its unique geological features and is located near the border with Ethiopia and Djibouti.

#### **Key Villages and Coordinates:**

##### **Dallol (Ethiopia, near Eritrean border):**

Coordinates:

- Latitude (x): 14.2417° N
- Longitude (y): 40.2976° E
- Elevation (z): -130 meters (below sea level)

## **3. Gash-Barka Region:**

This region has shown some potential for oil exploration, although it is more known for its mineral resources. Specific villages and areas within this region that might be of interest include:

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**Teseney:**

Coordinates:

- Latitude (x): 15.1100° N
- Longitude (y): 36.6578° E
- Elevation (z): 610 meters (2,001 feet)

**Barentu:**

Coordinates:

- Latitude (x): 15.1058° N
- Longitude (y): 37.5900° E
- Elevation (z): 1,016 meters (3,333 feet)

Conclusion:

Eritrea has several areas with potential for oil exploration, both offshore in the Red Sea and onshore in regions like the Danakil Depression and Gash-Barka. While large-scale commercial production has not yet been achieved, these regions hold promising prospects for future development. Continued exploration and investment could lead to the discovery and development of significant oil resources in the country.

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**French**

## **Pétrole et Gaz en Érythrée : Potentiel et Exploration**

Aperçu:

L'Érythrée possède un potentiel en ressources pétrolières et gazières, notamment dans ses régions offshore de la mer Rouge. Bien que le pays n'ait pas encore réalisé de production commerciale à grande échelle, les activités d'exploration ont indiqué des perspectives prometteuses.

### Points Clés:

#### 1. Exploration Historique:

Efforts Initiaux: L'exploration pétrolière en Érythrée remonte à la période coloniale italienne au début du 20e siècle. Cependant, des activités d'exploration significatives ont commencé dans les années 1960 et 1970.

Efforts Récents : Depuis l'indépendance du pays en 1993, il y a eu un regain d'intérêt pour l'exploration de son potentiel pétrolier et gazier.

#### 2. Principales Zones d'Exploration :

##### Offshore Mer Rouge :

Emplacement: Zones côtières et blocs offshore dans la mer Rouge.

Potentiel: Les régions offshore sont considérées comme ayant un potentiel significatif en hydrocarbures, similaire aux pays voisins comme le Soudan et le Yémen, qui ont des champs pétrolifères productifs dans le bassin de la mer Rouge.

Activités d'Exploration: Plusieurs entreprises internationales ont montré de l'intérêt pour l'exploration des blocs offshore, et certaines études sismiques ont été menées pour évaluer le potentiel.

##### Zones Onshore:

Emplacement: Divers emplacements à travers le pays, notamment dans des régions comme la dépression de Danakil.

Potentiel : Les régions onshore ont montré un certain potentiel en hydrocarbures, mais elles sont moins explorées par rapport aux zones offshore.

#### 3. Entreprises et Accords:

**Entreprises Internationales:** Des entreprises de Chine, du Canada et d'autres pays ont conclu des accords avec le gouvernement érythréen pour explorer le pétrole et le gaz.

**Partenariats Gouvernementaux:** Le gouvernement érythréen recherche activement des partenariats pour développer son secteur pétrolier et gazier.

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#### **4. Statut Actuel :**

Phase d'Exploration: L'Érythrée est actuellement dans la phase d'exploration sans production commerciale à grande échelle de pétrole ou de gaz. Les efforts sont concentrés sur la réalisation de levés géologiques et d'études sismiques pour identifier des réserves viables.

Défis: L'instabilité politique, le manque d'infrastructures et les investissements limités ont ralenti les progrès des activités d'exploration et de développement.

#### **5. Potentiel Futur :**

Opportunités d'Investissement: Le gouvernement érythréen est ouvert aux investissements étrangers et aux partenariats pour développer son secteur pétrolier et gazier.

Emplacement Stratégique: La situation stratégique du pays le long de la mer Rouge en fait un site attractif pour le développement potentiel du pétrole et du gaz.

Aperçu Détaillé des Sites Potentiels d'Exploration Pétrolière en Érythrée,

#### **1. Offshore Mer Rouge:**

Les régions offshore de la mer Rouge sont considérées comme ayant un potentiel significatif en hydrocarbures. Voici quelques emplacements spécifiques le long de la côte où des activités d'exploration pétrolière ont été ou pourraient être menées :

##### **Massawa :**

Coordonnées :

- Latitude (x) : 15.6092° N
- Longitude (y) : 39.4454° E
- Altitude (z) : Niveau de la mer

##### **Assab :**

Coordonnées :

- Latitude (x) : 13.0091° N
- Longitude (y) : 42.7369° E
- Altitude (z) : Niveau de la mer

## 2. Zones Onshore :

### Dépression de Danakil :

La dépression de Danakil est une autre zone avec un potentiel pour l'exploration des hydrocarbures. Cette région est connue pour ses caractéristiques géologiques uniques et est située près de la frontière avec l'Éthiopie et Djibouti.

### Villages Clés et Coordonnées :

#### Dallol (Éthiopie, près de la frontière érythréenne) :

Coordonnées :

- Latitude (x) : 14.2417° N
- Longitude (y) : 40.2976° E
- Altitude (z) : -130 mètres (sous le niveau de la mer)

### 3. Région de Gash-Barka :

Cette région a montré un certain potentiel pour l'exploration pétrolière, bien qu'elle soit plus connue pour ses ressources minérales. Les villages et zones spécifiques au sein de cette région qui pourraient être d'intérêt incluent :

#### Teseney:

Coordonnées:

- Latitude (x): 15.1100° N
- Longitude (y): 36.6578° E
- Altitude (z): 610 mètres (2 001 pieds)

#### Barentu :

Coordonnées:

- Latitude (x) : 15.1058° N
- Longitude (y) : 37.5900° E
- Altitude (z) : 1 016 mètres (3 333 pieds)

## Conclusion:

L'Érythrée possède plusieurs zones avec un potentiel pour l'exploration pétrolière, tant offshore dans la mer Rouge qu'onshore dans des régions comme la dépression de Danakil et Gash-Barka. Bien que la production commerciale à grande échelle n'ait pas encore été atteinte, ces régions

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présentent des perspectives prometteuses pour un développement futur. La poursuite des explorations et des investissements pourrait conduire à la découverte et au développement de ressources pétrolières significatives dans le pays.

## **Additional Information| Informations supplémentaires| ትወስኩ የበለታቸው:**

English

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እነ ሰነድ በእንተርንት በዘመኑ አገልግሎት በተመሬጓ ዘመኑም አበራታ እና ተሰራሽ [[መርሃጥ ፊብራልቻ](#)] :: የዚህ ወጪዎች ተከራክሩ ነው:: ከዚህ ሰነድ ቅድመ ወጪዎች እና አበራታ ከዚህ ወጪዎች ተከራክሩ ነው::